

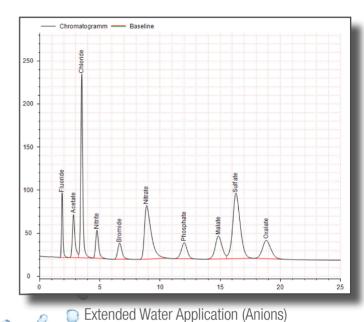
ION CHROMATOGRAPHY SYSTEM \$ 150°

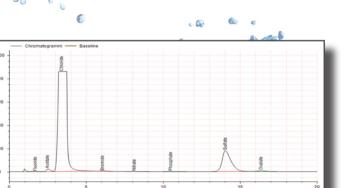


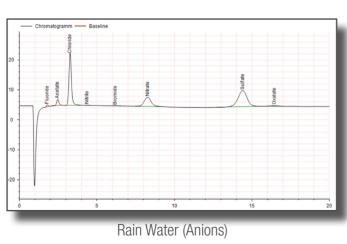
ION CHROMATOGRAPHY

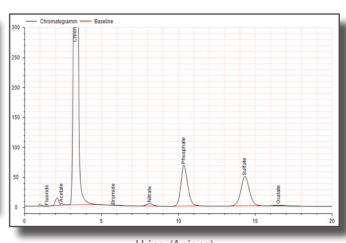
lon chromatography is an analytical separation method used in chemistry and biology. This chromatographic process is used to separate ions according to their charge. Using a liquid mobile phase, the charged analytes are passed through a stationary phase (polymer- or silicabased) modified with oppositely charged functional groups. Depending on their charge number, ion size and some non-specific interactions with the stationary phase, the ions are retarded at different rates.

Depending on the analyte physical properties, these can then be detected and quantified by conductivity measurement, UV absorption or radiation measurement.









Sea Water (Anions)



IC Applications

The fields of application of ion chromatography are manifold. One of the most important areas of application is certainly the investigation of aqueous systems such as drinking water and wastewater. It is above all fertilizers from agriculture that pollute the waters with high levels of nitrates. But also, the determination of organic acids in foods such as in wine and fruit juices or the quantification of trace elements such as iron in dietary supplements is possible.



- Anions
- Cations
- Organic acids
- Transition metals
- Amines



- Drinking water
- Tap water
- Sea water
- Waste water
- Rain water
- Ultra-trace determinition in electronic and power plants
- Quality control and analysis of impurities
- Elemental analysis (Wickbold & Schoeninger)
- Pharmaceuticals
- Urine analysis



Water analysis for water treament plants



Cooling water control for power plants



Ground water analysis for quality control

SYKAM SELF-REGENERATING SUPPRESSOR

Suppressor Techniques

lon chromatography offers a variety of detection methods, three of which are highlighted in the following:

The least sensitive method, is the so-called one column ion chromatography where the salts of weakly dissociated acids (e.g. phthalate, benzoate) are used as eluent. Hereby, the difference between the specific conductivity of e.g. sodium hydrogen phthalate and sodium chloride is measured.

The disadvantage of this technique is a low sensitivity. Since the base conductivity of the mobile phase, which has a high buffer concentration, is high, low analyte concentrations lead to low signals. That means low analyte concentrations cannot be detected, if the base conductivity is high.

The second method is precisely aimed to eliminate the disadvantage of the first method. Before the sample ions are measured in the detector, the base conductivity of the mobile phase is reduced by a suppressor.

This technique cannot be used with every eluent buffer. Examples for chemical compounds, which are well suited for the suppressor technique are sodium bicarbonate, sodium carbonate or sodium hydroxide in case of anion analysis as well methanesulfonic acid in case of cation analysis. After the separation on the column and before entering the detector flow cell the eluent passes a suppressor where the eluent buffer salts/acids were converted into low conductive compounds. NaHCO $_3$ /Na $_2$ CO $_3$ are converted into H $_2$ CO $_3$ when exchanging the Na $^+$ with H $^+$ ions. NaOH is converted into H $_2$ O. Due to the low dissociation grade of H $_2$ CO $_3$ the conductivity of the mobile phase is significantly reduced.

The way, how the eluent buffer salts/acids are converted into compounds of low conductivity can be achieved using different techniques:

Column suppressor technique

Suppressor columns, which are used for anion analysis, are filled with a cation exchange resin in hydrogen form. The sodium cations of the bicarbonate and carbonate buffers are exchanged by protons. The reaction product is the low conductive H₂CO₃ (Figure 2). After the analysis, the

suppressor column has to be regenerated.

Membrane suppressor technique

A membrane suppressor is equipped with an ion selective membrane where the mobile phase is passing by. In case of an anion suppressor, the cations (e.g. $\mathrm{Na^+}$ in $\mathrm{Na_2CO_3}$) can pass the membrane and are exchanged by $\mathrm{H^+}$, which also pass the membrane in the reverse direction. The protons are supplied at the opposite side of the ion selective membrane either from a larger acidic reservoir (micromembrane suppressor) or by water electrolysis, that takes place at an electrode (self-regenerating suppressor). In case of a cation suppressor, anion-permeable membranes are used in the suppressor unit.

UV Detection

The third technique does not use the conductivity of the analyte ions for detection. Rather, other physical properties such as UV-absorption is used for detection. Either the analytes show a UV spectrum on their own (nitrite, nitrate, bromide) or a post column derivatization technique is used (transition metals, oxohalogenides) to transfer the analytes into UV absorbing complexes.



Working Principle

A membrane suppressor is equipped with an ion selective membrane where the mobile phase is passing by. In case of an anion suppressor, the cations (e.g. $\mathrm{Na^+}$ in $\mathrm{Na_2CO_3}$) can pass the membrane and are exchanged by $\mathrm{H^+}$, which also pass the membrane in the reverse direction. The protons are supplied at the opposite side of the ion selective membrane either from a larger acidic reservoir (micromembrane suppressor) or by water electrolysis, that takes place at an electrode (self-regenerating suppressor). In case of a cation suppressor, anion-permeable membranes are used in the suppressor unit.

Following the principle of anion suppressors, the condition of using suppressed conductivity is, that the eluent buffer salt can be converted into a low dissociated acid respectively base. Especially salts of weak acids and bases could be transferred this way. E.g. $NaHCO_3$ is the eluent and chloride is the analyte ion. The counter cation Na^+ will be exchanged by H^+ in the suppressor, whereas the cations move through the ion-selective membrane of the suppressor so that the eluent anion HCO_3^- will be transferred to the low dissociated H_2CO_3 and the analyte ion Cl^- to the well dissociated HCl:

$$HCO_3^- \xrightarrow{+ Resin - SO_3H} H_2CO_3$$

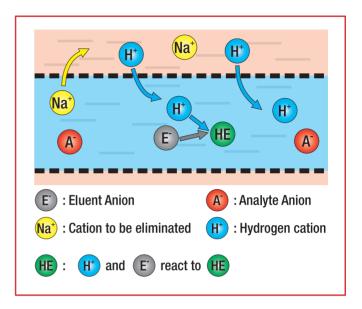
The same will happen to the analyte, e.g. NaCl:

$$Cl^{-} + Na^{+} \xrightarrow{+ Resin - SO_{3}H} H^{+} + Cl^{-}$$

Because hydrochloric acid is a strong dissociated acid, the exchange of the sodium cation by a hydrogen cation will not have any influence on the chloride measurement.

Self-regenerating suppressors

The principle of self-regenerating suppressors can either be employed for anion analysis or cation analysis. In both cases, the eluent stream is separated from the regeneration stream, whereas the eluent channel is surrounded by two regeneration channels, one on each side. Regeneration channels and eluent channels are separated by an ion-selective membrane. In case of anion self-regenerating suppressors (ASRS), the membrane is a cation exchange membrane, in case of cation self-regenerating



suppressors (CSRS), the membrane is an anion exchange membrane. In an ASRS, the protons, which pass the cation exchange membrane into the eluent channel to substitute the Na $^+$ -ions in the Na $_2$ CO $_3$ /NaHCO $_3$ -eluent, are generated via electrolysis at the anode, which is placed in one of the regeneration channels.

$$H_2O \rightarrow 2H^+ + \frac{1}{2}O_2 + 2e^-$$

The highly dissoziated $\mathrm{Na_2CO_3/NaHCO_3}$ -eluent with its high base conductivity (mS/cm-range) is converted into the low dissoziated $\mathrm{H_2CO_3}$, which has a low base conductivity of around 20 µS/cm. On the other hand, the Na⁺-ions from the eluent channel pass the cation exchange membrane into the second regeneration channel, where the cathode is placed. Here, water electrolysis leads to the formation of hydroxide ions. Together with the Na⁺-ion from the eluent channel, NaOH is formed, which is eluted with the regeneration stream into the liquid waste.

$$H_2O \rightarrow 2H^+ + \frac{1}{2}O_2 + 2e^-$$

Working Principle

In a CSRS the same reactions take place at the electrodes. The difference here lies in the sort of membrane used. Here, an anion exchange membrane enables the anions from the eluent, e.g. methanesulfonate (MSA-) if methanesulfonic acid (HMSA) is used as eluent, to pass into the regeneration stream, where the anode is placed. The protons, which are formed at the anode are neutralized with the eluent anions (MSA-) to form HMSA, which is eluted with the regeneration stream. The hydroxide ions, which are formed at the cathode in the opposite regeneration stream pass the anion exchange membrane

into the eluent stream to neutralize the leftover protons to form H2O. Using this principle, the base conductivity of a suppressed cation eluent drops to a very low level of <1.0 μ S/cm.

In modern self-regenerating suppressor units, the eluent stream after passing the detector, is used as water source for the electrolysis, that takes place at the electrodes in the regeneration channels and therefore, no external regeneration solution supply is necessary.



SYKAM ION CHROMATOGRAPHY SYSTEMS









COMPACT ANION IC SYSTEM S 155-A/CPlus

The *Compact Ion Chromatograph S 155*^{Plus} is a economic solution for low sample throughput.

The *S 155*^{Plus} is an all-in-one IC system with integrated anion or cation suppressor, column oven and 1-channel conductivity detector.

It can be upgraded with an online vacuum degasser, eluent selection valve or inert gas supply regulator.





ORDER INFORMATION

Compact IC System S 155-APlus

| Catalog No | Description | consisting of: |
|------------|---|---|
| S010100 | Compact Ion Chromatography System | S 155 ^{Plus} Ion Chromatography System |
| | for Anion Determination | - integrated self-regenrating anion suppressor |
| | without data system and separation column | - integrated column oven |
| | | - integrated manual injection valve S 6120 w. 50 μl sample loop |
| | | - integrated 1-channel conductivity detector |
| | | - integrated isocratic eluent pump |

Compact IC System S 155-CPlus

| Catalog No | Description | consisting of: |
|------------|---|---|
| S010101 | Compact Ion Chromatography System | S 155 ²² tou Ion Chromatography System |
| | for Cation Determination | - integrated self-regenrating cation suppressor |
| | without data system and separation column | - integrated column oven |
| | | - integrated manual injection valve S 6120 w. 50 μl sample loop |
| | | - integrated 1-channel conductivity detector |
| | | - integrated isocratic eluent pump |
| | | |

Upgrade Options

| Catalog No | Description | Notes |
|------------|-------------------------------|---|
| S003581 | Vacuum Degasser | Online 1-channel vacuum degasser |
| S008547 | Eluent Selection Valve S 6131 | Switching valve for 2 eluents and second 2000 ml eluent bottle |
| S008546 | Inert Gas Supply | Gas regulator for inert gas supply and 2000 ml coated eluent bottle |

MANUAL ANION IC SYSTEM S 151-M/GPlus

The **Manual Anion Ion Chromatograph S 151-M** / G^{Plus} is a economic solution for low sample throughput.

The S 151-M features the anion self-regenrating suppressor for the sensitive detection of anions. It can be upgraded to an automatic system at any time.





ORDER INFORMATION

Manual Isocratic Anion IC System S 151-M^{Plus}

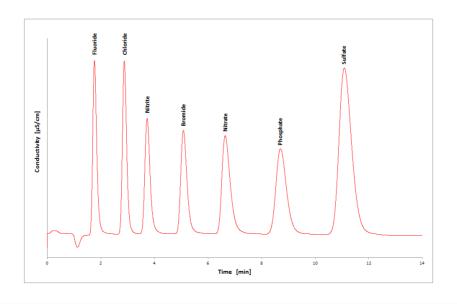
| Catalog No | Description | consisting of: |
|------------|---|--|
| S010102 | Manual Isocratic IC System | S 150 ^{Plus} Ion Chromatography Module, including column oven; |
| | for Anion Determination | S 1130 Isocratic Pump, analytical, PEEK; including 1-channel degasser; |
| | without data system and separation column | S 6120 Injection Valve, PEEK; |
| | | S 7150 Reagent Organizer, isocratic, including 1 bottle (1000 ml); without gas regulator |
| | | integrated anion self-regenerating suppressor |
| | | 1-channel conductivity detector |

Manual Gradient Anion IC System S 151-GPlus

| Catalog No | Description | consisting of: |
|------------|---|---|
| S010103 | Manual Gradient IC System | S 150 ²⁹ Ion Chromatography Module, including Column Oven; |
| | for Anion Determination | S 1130 Quaternary Gradient Pump, analytical, PEEK; including 4-channel degasser; |
| | without data system and separation column | S 6120 Injection Valve, PEEK; |
| | | S 7150 Reagent Organizer, isocratic, including 4 bottles (1000 ml); without gas regulator |
| | | integrated anion self-regenerating suppressor |
| | | 1-channel conductivity detector |

Upgrade Options

| Catalog No | Description | Notes |
|------------|---|---|
| S003585 | Dual Channel Detector Upgrade | S 150 ²⁹ Ion Chromatography Module (2nd detector channel) |
| S009687 | Cation Self-Regenerating Suppressor (CSRS) | Cation suppressor (for update of anion system to cation determination) |
| S007037 | Organic Acid Suppressor | integrated organic acid chemical suppressor |
| S003846 | S 7155 Reagent Organizer with Gas Regulator | Analytical, incl. 4 bottles (1000 ml) |
| S000172 | S 3250 UV/Vis Detector | Update for difficult sample matrices (e.g. high Cl ⁻ concentrations) |
| S000203 | S 3250 Flowcell | Analytical, PEEK |
| var. | Integrated Switching Valve | S 150 ²⁹ Ion Chromatography Module (integrated S6000 series switching valve) |



AUTOMATIC ANION IC SYSTEM S 151-A/AGPlus

The Automatic Anion IC System S 151-A/AGPlus



S 150



ORDER INFORMATION

Automatic Isocratic Anion IC System S 151-April

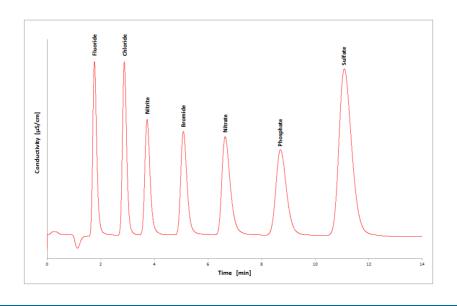
| Catalog No | Description | consisting of: |
|------------|---|---|
| S010107 | Automatic Isocratic IC System | S 150 ^{Plus} Ion Chromatography Module, including column oven; |
| | for Anion Determination | S 1130 Isocratic Pump, analytical, PEEK; including 1-channel degasser; |
| | without data system and separation column | S 5300 Automatic Sample Injector with S 6115 PEEK Valve, variable volume mode |
| | | S 7150 Reagent Organizer, isocratic, including 1 bottle (1000 ml);; without gas regulator |
| | | integrated anion self-regenerating suppressor |
| | | 1-channel conductivity detector |

Automatic Gradient Anion IC System S 151-AGPlus

| Catalog No | Description | consisting of: |
|------------|---|--|
| S010108 | Automatic Gradient IC System | S 150 ²⁹ Ion Chromatography Module, including column oven; |
| | for Anion Determination | S 1130 Quaternary Gradient Pump, analytical, PEEK; including 4-channel degasser; |
| | without data system and separation column | S 5300 Automatic Sample Injector with S 6115 PEEK Valve, variable volume mode |
| | | S 7150 Reagent Organizer, isocratic, including 4 bottles (1000 ml);; without gas regulator |
| | | integrated electronic anion suppressor |
| | | 1-channel conductivity detector |

Upgrade Options

| Catalog No | Description | Notes |
|------------|---|---|
| S003585 | Dual Channel Detector Upgrade | S 150 ²⁹ Ion Chromatography Module (2nd detector channel) |
| S009687 | Cation Self-Regenerating Suppressor (CSRS) | Cation suppressor (for update of Anion system to Cation determination) |
| S007037 | Organic Acid Suppressor | integrated organic acid chemical suppressor |
| S003846 | S 7155 Reagent Organizer with Gas Regulator | Analytical, incl. 4 bottles (1000 ml) |
| S000172 | S 3250 UV/Vis Detector | Update for difficult sample matrices (e.g. high CI- concentrations) |
| S000203 | S 3250 Flowcell | Analytical, PEEK |
| var. | Integrated Switching Valve | S 150 Ion Chromatography Module (integrated S6000 series switching valve) |



MANUAL CATION IC SYSTEM S 152-M/GPlus

The *Manual Cation IC System S 152-A/G^{Plus}* is a modular system which can be customized to any application needs.





ORDER INFORMATION

Manual Isocratic Cation IC System S 152-M[₱]lus

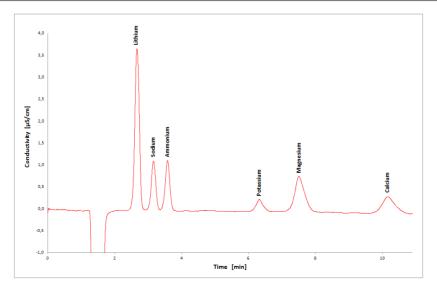
| Catalog No | Description | consisting of: |
|------------|---|--|
| S010109 | Manual Isocratic IC System | S 150 ²⁹ Ion Chromatography Module, including column oven; |
| | for Cation Determination | S 1130 Isocratic Pump, analytical, PEEK; including 1-channel degasser; |
| | without data system and separation column | S 6120 Injection Valve, PEEK; |
| | | S 7150 Reagent Organizer, isocratic, including 1 bottle (1000 ml); without gas regulator |
| | | integrated cation self-regenerating suppressor |
| | | 1-channel conductivity detector |

Manual Gradient Cation IC System S 152-GPlus

| Catalog No | Description | consisting of: |
|------------|---|---|
| S010114 | Manual Gradient IC System | S 150 ²² Ion Chromatography Module, including column oven; |
| | for Cation Determination | S 1130 Quaternary Gradient Pump, analytical, PEEK; including 4-channel degasser; |
| | without data system and separation column | S 6120 Injection Valve, PEEK; |
| | | S 7150 Reagent Organizer, isocratic, including 4 bottles (1000 ml); without gas regulator |
| | | integrated cation self-regenerating suppressor |
| | | 1-channel conductivity detector |

Upgrade Options

| Catalog No | Description | Notes |
|------------|---|--|
| S009686 | Anion Self-Regenerating Suppressor (ASRS) | anion suppressor (for update of cation system to anion determination) |
| S007037 | Organic Acid Suppressor | integrated organic acid chemical suppressor |
| S003585 | Dual Channel Detector Upgrade | S 150 ²² Ion Chromatography Module (2nd detector channel) |
| S003846 | S 7155 Reagent Organizer with Gas Regulator | Analytical, incl. 4 bottles (1000 ml) |
| S000172 | S 3250 UV/Vis Detector | Update for difficult sample matrices (e.g. high CI- concentrations) |
| S000203 | S 3250 Flowcell | Analytical, PEEK |
| var. | Integrated Switching Valve | S 150% Ion Chromatography Module (integrated S6000 series switching valve) |



AUTOMATIC CATION IC SYSTEM S 152-A/AGPlus

The Automatic Anion IC System S 152-A/AGPlus

is a modular system which can be customized to

any application needs.





ORDER INFORMATION

Automatic Isocratic Cation IC System S 152-APlus

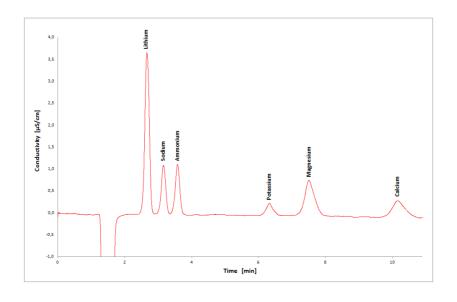
| Catalog No | Description | consisting of: |
|------------|---|--|
| S010115 | Automatic Isocratic IC System | S 150 ^{Plus} Ion Chromatography Module, including column oven; |
| | for Cation Determination | S 1130 Isocratic Pump, analytical, PEEK; including 1-channel degasser; |
| | without data system and separation column | S 5300 Automatic Sample Injector with S 6115 PEEK Valve, variable volume mode |
| | | S 7150 Reagent Organizer, isocratic, including 1 bottle (1000 ml); without gas regulator |
| | | integrated cation self-regenerating suppressor |
| | | 1-channel conductivity detector |

Automatic Gradient Cation IC System S 152-AGPlus

| Catalog No | Description | consisting of: |
|------------|---|---|
| S010172 | Automatic Gradient IC System | S 150 ^{Plus} Ion Chromatography Module, including column oven; |
| | for Cation Determination | S 1130 Quaternary Gradient Pump, analytical, PEEK; including 4-channel degasser; |
| | without data system and separation column | S 5300 Automatic Sample Injector with S 6115 PEEK Valve, variable volume mode |
| | | S 7150 Reagent Organizer, isocratic, including 4 bottles (1000 ml); without gas regulator |
| | | integrated cation self-regenerating suppressor |
| | | 1-channel conductivity detector |

Upgrade Options

| Catalog No | Description | Notes |
|------------|---|--|
| S009686 | Anion Self-Regenerating Suppressor (ASRS) | Anion suppressor (for update of cation system to anion determination) |
| S003585 | Dual Channel Detector Upgrade | S 150 ²⁹ ccc Ion Chromatography Module (2nd detector channel) |
| S007037 | Organic Acid Suppressor | integrated organic acid chemical suppressor |
| S003846 | S 7155 Reagent Organizer with Gas Regulator | Analytical, incl. 4 bottles (1000 ml) |
| S000172 | S 3250 UV/Vis Detector | Update for difficult sample matrices (e.g. high CI- concentrations) |
| S000203 | S 3250 Flowcell | Analytical, PEEK |
| var. | Integrated Switching Valve | S 150 ²² co Ion Chromatography Module (integrated S6000 series switching valve) |



AUTOMATIC DUAL IC SYSTEM S 153-A/AG DUAL Plus

The Automatic Ion Chromatograph S 153-A/AG

DualPlus is a modular system which can be custom-







ORDER INFORMATION

Automatic Isocratic Dual IC System S 153-A Dual Plus

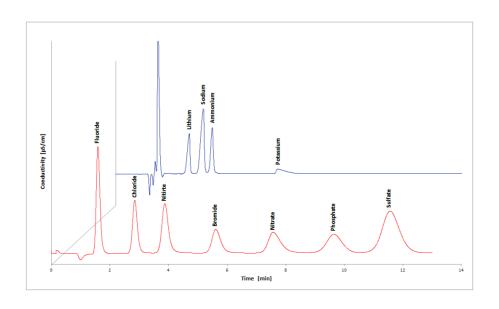
| Catalog No | Description | consisting of: |
|------------|---|---|
| S004671 | Automatic Dual Isocratic IC System | S 150 ^{Plus} Ion Chromatography Module, including column oven; |
| | Anion & Cation simultaneous Determination | 2x S 1130 Isocratic Pump, analytical, PEEK; including 1-channel degasser; |
| | without data system and separation column | S 5300 Automatic Sample Injector with S 6165 PEEK Valve, variable volume mode |
| | | S 7150 Reagent Organizer, isocratic, including 2 bottles (1000 ml); without gas regulator |
| | | integrated anion and cation self-regenerating suppressors |
| | | 2-channel conductivity detector |

Automatic Gradient Dual IC System S 153-AG Dual Plus

| Catalog No | Description | consisting of: |
|------------|---|---|
| S004882 | Automatic Dual Gradient IC System | S 150 ²² Ion Chromatography Module, including column oven; |
| | Anion & Cation simultaneous Determination | 1x S 1130 Quaternary Gradient Pump, analytical, PEEK; including 4-channel degasser; |
| | without data system and separation column | 1x S 1130 Isocratic Pump, analytical, PEEK; including 1-channel degasser; |
| | | S 5300 Automatic Sample Injector with S 6165 PEEK Valve, variable volume mode |
| | | S 7150 Reagent Organizer, isocratic, including 4 bottles (1000 ml); without gas regulator |
| | | integrated anion and cation self-regenerating suppressors |
| | | 2-channel conductivity detector |

Upgrade Options

| Catalog No | Description | Notes |
|------------|---|--|
| S003846 | S 7155 Reagent Organizer with Gas Regulator | Analytical, incl. 4 bottles (1000 ml) |
| S007037 | Organic Acid Suppressor | integrated organic acid chemical suppressor |
| S000172 | S 3250 UV/Vis Detector | Update for difficult sample matrices (e.g. high CI- concentrations) |
| S000203 | S 3250 Flowcell | Analytical, PEEK |
| var. | Integrated Switching Valve | S 150 ²²⁶⁶⁶ Ion Chromatography Module (integrated S6000 series switching valve) |





TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

S 150^{Plus} Ion Chromatography Module

Wetted Materials:

Dimensions:

(W x H x D)

Power Supply:

PEEK, PPS, PTFE, Stainless Steel¹

396 x 165 x 478 mm

100 - 250 ~V (47 - 63 Hz)

Column Oven

Temperature Range: +30°C to +100°C¹

Temperature Accuracy: < 0.1 °C

Switching Valve: optional: any \$ 6000 Series Valve

Conductivity Detector

| Measuring Range: | 0 to 999,999 μS/cm |
|------------------|--------------------|
| Flowcell Volume: | 0.76 μΙ |

Suppressor

(W x H x D)

Power Supply:

| Principle: | Anion: self-regenerating membrane |
|------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Cation: self-regenerating membrane |
| | Organic Acid: chemical regenerating |
| | membrane |

S 1130 Isocratic Pump System

| Wetted Materials: | PEEK, Teflon AF®, PVDF, Ceramics, |
|-------------------|--|
| | Sapphire |
| Flow Rate: | Programmable |
| | Analytical: 0.001 - 10.000 ml/min |
| Flow Accuracy: | ± 1.0 % 1.000 ml / min |
| Flow Precision: | ± 0.1 % RSD 1.000 ml/min |
| Pressure Range: | 0 - 40 MPa (0 - 6000 PSI) |
| Pressure | typical < 0.1 MPa or < 1.0 % |
| Pulsation: | |
| Compressibility | user-adjustable for different solvents |
| Compensation: | |
| Vacuum Degassing: | < 20% dissolved gases remaining in |
| | water @ 1.000 ml/min |
| Dimensions: | 396 x 165 x 478 mm |

100 - 250 ~V (47 - 63 Hz)

S 5300 Sample Injector System

| s data dampio injuditi. Gjatam | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Wetted Materials: | PEEK, PPS, PVDF |
| Sample Capacity: | 120 (1.5 ml), 192 (microtiter plates) |
| Injection Volume: | Programmable 0.1 - 999.9 µl |
| Sample Heating/Cooling: | optional : +4 to +60 °C |
| Injection Precision: | < 0.5 % Variable Volume Injection |
| | (10 μ l; typically ~0.25 %) |
| Linearity: | Correlation Factor > 0.999 (10 µl |
| | injection volume, 500 μl Syringe) |
| Carry Over: | < 0.05 % with wash program |
| Dimensions: | 396 x 275 x 478 mm |
| (W x H x D) | |
| Power Supply: | 100 - 250 ~V (47 - 63 Hz) |

S 1130 Quaternary Gradient Pump System

PEEK, Teflon AF®, PVDF, Ceramics,

Wetted Materials:

| | Sappnire |
|--------------------|--|
| Flow Rate: | Programmable |
| | Analytical: 0.001 - 10.000 ml/min |
| Flow Accuracy: | ± 1.0 % 1.000 ml / min |
| Flow Precision: | ± 0.1 % RSD 1.000 ml/min |
| Pressure Range: | 0 - 40 MPa (0 - 6000 PSI) |
| Pressure | typical < 0.1 MPa or < 1.0 % |
| Pulsation: | |
| Compressibility | user-adjustable for different solvents |
| Compensation: | |
| Vacuum Degassing: | < 20% dissolved gases remaining in |
| | water @ 1.000 ml/min |
| Gradient Range: | 0.0 - 100.0 %, 4 channels |
| Gradient Accuracy: | < 0.50 % |
| Gradient Mixing: | Active |
| Mixer Volume: | adjustable: 100 – 500 μl |
| Dimensions: | 396 x 165 x 478 mm |
| (W x H x D) | |
| Power Supply: | 100 - 250 ~V (47 - 63 Hz) |

¹ Flowcell only

¹ Temperature range at 20°C ambient



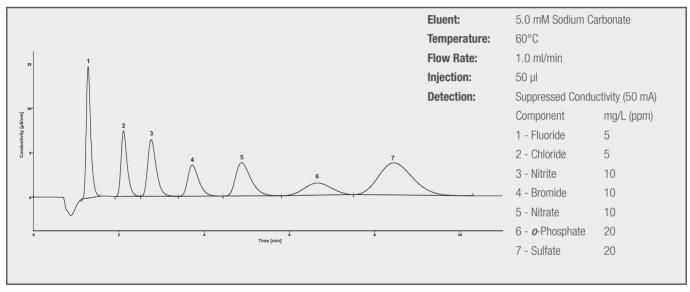
SYKAM ION CHROMATOGRAPHY SEPARATION COLUMNS



IC SEPARATION COLUMNS: ANIONS

Anion Separation Column ION A01

Determination of Standard Inorganic Anions in Aqueous Samples using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement



Separation of a low-ppm inorganic anion standard on a Sykam A01 using suppressed conductivity measurement.

Applications

- Determination of Standard Inorganic Anions in Aqueous Samples using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement
- Determination of Hexavalent Chromium in Drinking Water using UV-Detection and Post Column Derivatization

Technical Specifications

Substrate: Polystyrene-divinylbenzene, Trimethyl ammonium

Particle Size:10 μmColumn Dimensions:150 x 2.6 mmColumn Material:PEEK

Maximum Pressure:30 MPapH-Range:pH 1 - pH 13Temperature Range:20 - 60 °C

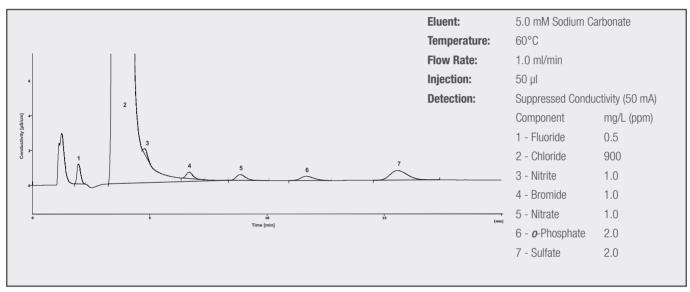
ORDER INFORMATION

| Catalog No | Description | Dimensions |
|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| S003586 | Anion Separation Column ION A01 | 150 x 2.6 mm, 10 μm |
| S004732 | Anion Guard Column AGC-01 | 20 x 2.6 mm, 15 μm |



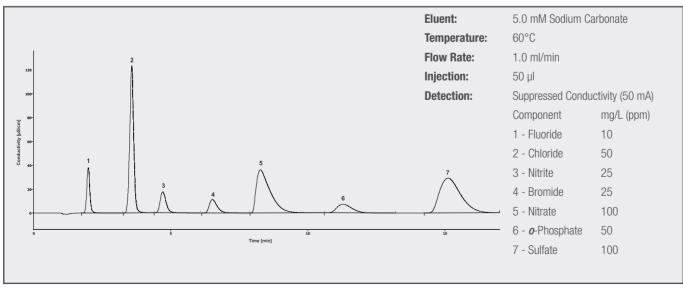
Anion Separation Column ION A02

Determination of Inorganic Anions in Industrial and Domestic Wastewater and Samples of High Chloride Concentrations using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement



Separation of a low-ppm inorganic anion standard spiked with 900 ppm Chloride on a Sykam A02 using suppressed conductivity measurement.

Determination of Inorganic Anions in Drinking and Natural Waters using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement



Separation of an inorganic anion standard for drinking and waste water analysis on a Sykam A02 using suppressed conductivity measurement.

IC SEPARATION COLUMNS: ANIONS

Anion Separation Column ION A02

Applications

- Determination of Inorganic Anions in Industrial and Domestic Wastewater using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement
- Determination of Inorganic Anions in Drinking and Natural Waters using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement
- Determination of Inorganic Anions in High Chloride Containing Samples (optimized resolution) using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement
- Determination of Sulfite in Drinking Water using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement
- Determination of Hexavalent Chromium in Drinking Water using UV-Detection and Post Column Derivatization

Technical Specifications

Substrate: Polystyrene-divinylbenzene, Trimethyl ammonium

Particle Size: 10 µm

Column Dimensions: 250 x 2.6 mm

Column Material: PEEK

Maximum Pressure: 30 MPa

pH-Range: pH 1 - pH 13

Temperature Range: 20 - 60 °C

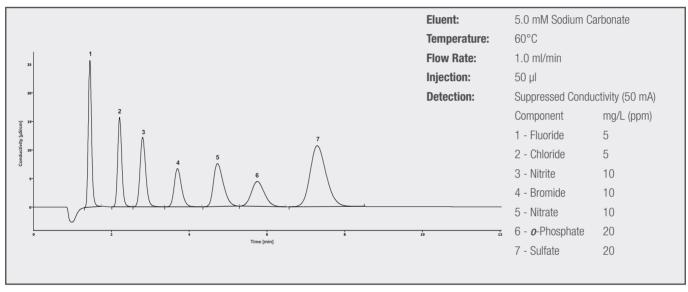
ORDER INFORMATION

| Catalog No | Description | Dimensions |
|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| S003796 | Anion Separation Column ION A02 | 250 x 2.6 mm, 10 μm |
| S004732 | Anion Guard Column AGC-01 | 20 x 2.6 mm |



Anion Separation Column ION A03

Determination of Inorganic Anions in Drinking and Natural Waters using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement



Separation of a low-ppm inorganic anion standard on a Sykam A03 using suppressed conductivity measurement.

Applications

- Determination of Inorganic Anions in Drinking and Natural Waters using Suppressed Conductivity Measurment
- Determination of Hexavalent Chromium in Drinking Water using UV-Detection and Post Column Derivatization

Technical Specifications

Substrate: Polystyrene-divinylbenzene, Trimethyl ammonium

Particle Size: $15 \mu m$ Column Dimensions: $200 \times 2.6 mm$ Column Material: PEEK

Maximum Pressure: 30 MPa
pH-Range: pH 1 - pH 13
Temperature Range: 20 - 60 °C

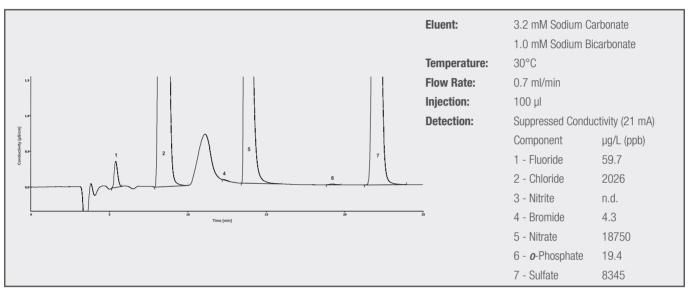
ORDER INFORMATION

| Catalog No | Description | Dimensions |
|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| S005171 | Anion Separation Column ION A03 | 200 x 2.6 mm, 10 μm |
| S004732 | Anion Guard Column AGC-01 | 20 x 2.6 mm |

IC SEPARATION COLUMNS: ANIONS

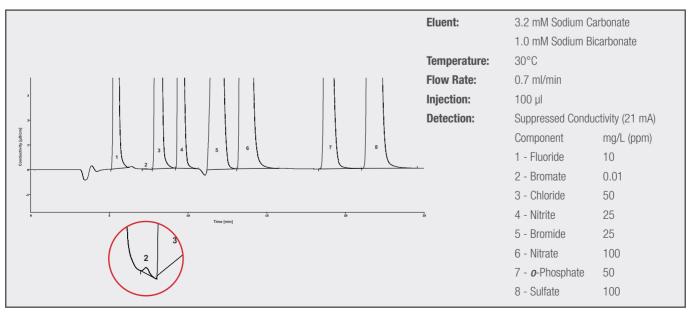
Anion Separation Column ION A04

Determination of Inorganic Anions in Drinking and Natural Waters using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement



Determination of inorganic anions in a drinking water sample on a Sykam A04 using suppressed conductivity measurement.

Determination of Bromate in Drinking Water and Bottled Natural Waters using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement



Separation of an inorganic anion standard for drinking water analysis spiked with 10ppb Bromate on a Sykam A04 using suppressed conductivity measurement.



Anion Separation Column ION A04

Applications

- Determination of Inorganic Anions in Drinking and Natural Waters using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement
- Determination of Bromate in Drinking Water and Bottled Natural Waters using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement

Technical Specifications

Substrate: Polyvinyl alcohol, Quaternary ammonium

Particle Size: 5 μm

Column Dimensions: 250 x 4.0 mm

Column Material:PEEKMaximum Pressure:20 MPapH-Range:pH 1 - pH 13Temperature Range:20 - 50 °C

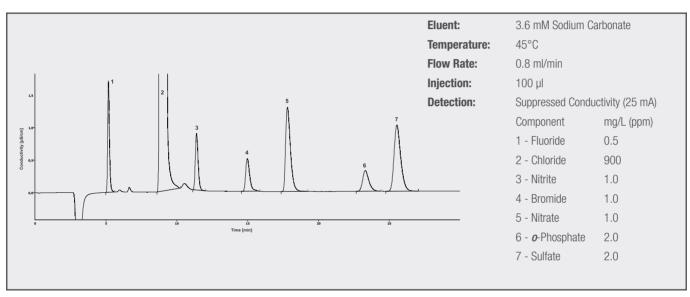
ORDER INFORMATION

| Catalog No | Description | Dimensions |
|------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| S004593 | Anion Separation Column ION A04 | 250 x 4.0 mm, 5 μm |
| S008037 | Anion Guard Column AGC-02 | 10 x 4.6 mm |

IC SEPARATION COLUMNS: ANIONS

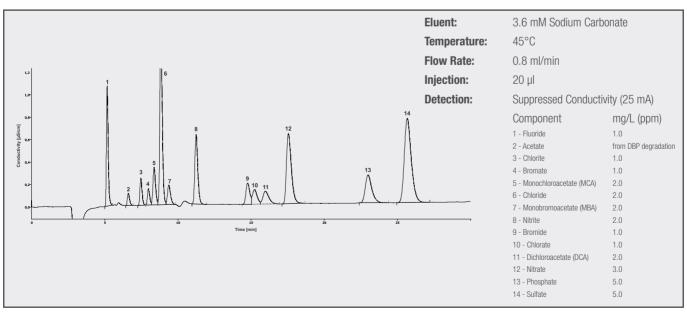
Anion Separation Column ION A05

Determination of Inorganic Anions in Industrial and Domestic Wastewater and Samples of High Chloride Concentrations using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement



Separation of a low-ppm inorganic anion standard spiked with 900 ppm Chloride on a Sykam A05 using suppressed conductivity measurement.

Determination of Disinfection Byproducts Chlorite, Chlorate, Bromate and Haloacetic acids in Drinking Water and Bottled Natural Waters



Determination of disinfection byproducts in a low-ppm inorganic anion standard for drinking water analysis on a Sykam A05 using suppressed conductivity.



Anion Separation Column ION A05

Applications

- Determination of Disinfection byproducts in Drinking Water and Bottled Natural Waters using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement
- Determination of Inorganic Anions in Industrial and Domestic Wastewater using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement
- Determination of Inorganic Anions in Drinking Water and Natural Waters using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement
- Determination of Inorganic Anions in Samples of High Chloride Concentrations (optimized resolution) using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement

Technical Specifications

Substrate: Polyvinyl alcohol, Quaternary ammonium

 $\textbf{Particle Size:} \hspace{1.5cm} 5~\mu\text{m}$

Column Dimensions: 250 x 4.0 mm

Column Material:PEEKMaximum Pressure:20 MPapH-Range:pH 1 - pH 13Temperature Range:20 - 50 °C

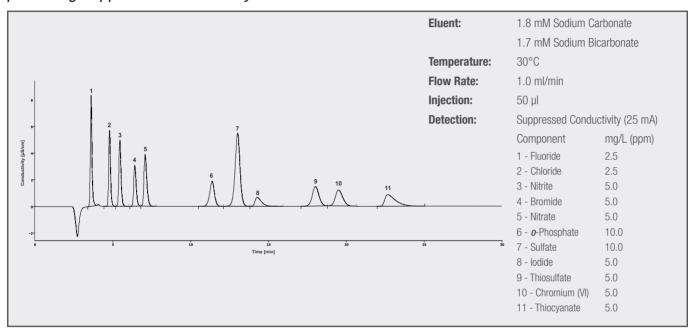
ORDER INFORMATION

| Catalog No | Description | Dimensions |
|------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| S006790 | Anion Separation Column ION A05 | 250 x 4.0 mm, 5 μm |
| S008037 | Anion Guard Column AGC-02 | 10 x 4.6 mm |

IC SEPARATION COLUMNS: ANIONS

Anion Separation Column ION A06

Determination of Standard Anions and Iodide, Thiosulfate, Thiocyanate and Cr(VI) in Aqueous Samples using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement



Determination of iodide, thiosulfate, thiocyanate and Cr(VI) together with the standard inorganic anions in a low-ppm inorganic anion standard on a Sykam A04 using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement.

Applications

- Determination of Standard Anions and Iodide, Thiosulfate, Thiocyanate and Cr(VI) in aqueous samples using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement
- Determination of Inorganic Anions in Drinking and Natural Waters using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement
- Determination of Phosphite and Hypophosphite in a Chloride-Sulfate-Oxalate-Matrix using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement

Technical Specifications

Substrate: Polyvinyl alcohol, Quaternary ammonium

Particle Size: 9 μm

Column Dimensions: 250 x 4.0 mm

Column Material:PEEKMaximum Pressure:20 MPapH-Range:pH 1 - pH 13Temperature Range:20 - 50 °C

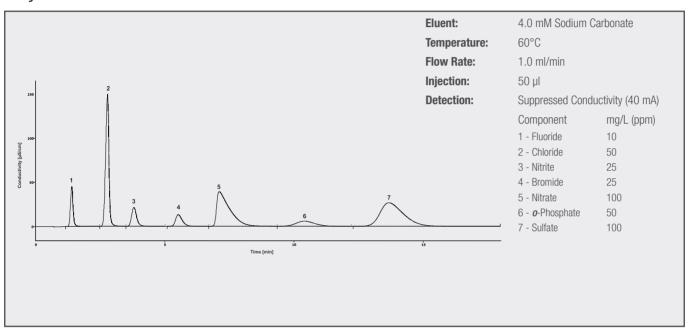
ORDER INFORMATION

| Catalog No | Description | Dimensions |
|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| S007270 | Anion Separation Column ION A06 | 250 x 4.0 mm, 10 μm |
| S008037 | Anion Guard Column AGC-02 | 10 x 4.6 mm |



Anion Separation Column ION A07

Determination of Inorganic Anions in Drinking Water and Natural Waters using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement



Separation of an inorganic anion standard for drinking and waste water analysis on a Sykam A07 using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement

Applications

- Determination of Inorganic Anions in Drinking and Natural Waters using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement
- Determination of Inorganic Anions in Industrial and Domestic Wastewater using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement
- Determination of Sulfite in Drinking Water using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement
- Determination of Hexavalent Chromium in Drinking Water using UV-Detection and Post Column Derivatization

Technical Specifications

Substrate: Polystyrene-divinylbenzene, Trimethyl ammonium

Particle Size: $10 \mu m$ Column Dimensions: $150 \times 2.6 mm$

Column Material: PEEK
Maximum Pressure: 30 MPa

pH-Range: pH 1 - pH 13 **Temperature Range:** $20 - 60 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$

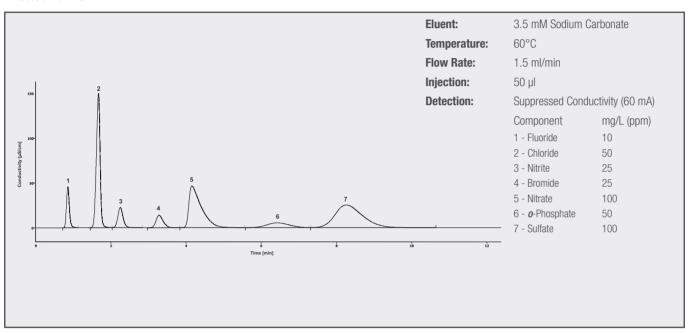
ORDER INFORMATION

| Catalog No | Description | Dimensions |
|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| S010863 | Anion Separation Column ION A07 | 150 x 2.6 mm, 10 μm |
| S004732 | Anion Guard Column AGC-01 | 20 x 2.6 mm |

IC SEPARATION COLUMNS: ANIONS

Anion Separation Column ION A08

Determination of Inorganic Anions in Drinking and Natural Waters using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement



Separation of an inorganic anion standard for drinking and waste water analysis on a Sykam A08 using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement

Applications

- Determination of Inorganic Anions in Drinking and Natural Waters using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement
- Determination of Inorganic Anions in Industrial and Domestic Wastewater using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement
- Determination of Hexavalent Chromium in Drinking Water using UV-Detection and Post Column Derivatization

Technical Specifications

Substrate: Polystyrene-divinylbenzene, Trimethyl ammonium

Particle Size: 10 µm

Column Dimensions: 125 x 2.6 mm

Column Material: PEEK

Maximum Pressure:30 MPapH-Range:pH 1 - pH 13Temperature Range:20 - 60 °C

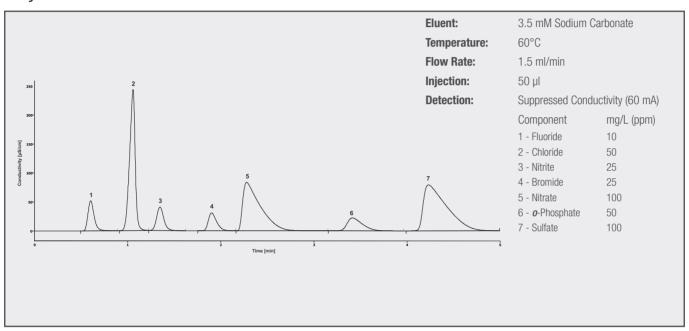
ORDER INFORMATION

| Catalog No | Description | Dimensions |
|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| S011007 | Anion Separation Column ION A08 | 125 x 2.6 mm, 10 μm |
| S004732 | Anion Guard Column AGC-01 | 20 x 2.6 mm |



Anion Separation Column ION A09

Rapid Determination of Inorganic Anions in Drinking and Natural Waters using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement



Separation of an inorganic anion standard for drinking and waste water analysis on a Sykam A09 using suppressed conductivity measurement.

Applications

- Rapid Determination of Inorganic Anions in Drinking Water and Natural Waters
- Rapid Determination of Inorganic Anions in Industrial and Domestic Wastewater

Technical Specifications

Substrate: Polystyrene-divinylbenzene, Trimethyl ammonium

Particle Size: $5 \mu m$ Column Dimensions: $75 \times 2.6 \text{ mm}$ Column Material: PEEK

Maximum Pressure: 30 MPapH-Range: $pH \cdot 1 - pH \cdot 13$ Temperature Range: 20 - 60 °C

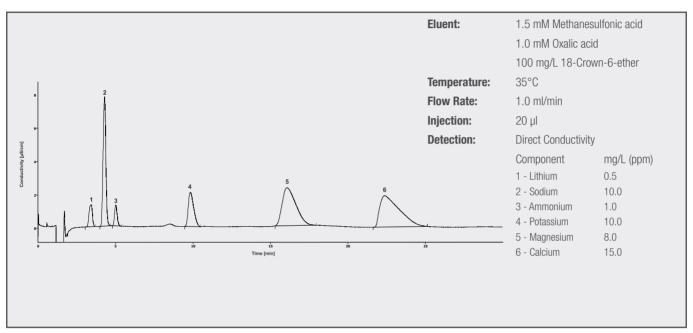
ORDER INFORMATION

| Catalog No | Description | Dimensions |
|------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| S011070 | Anion Separation Column ION A09 | 75 x 2.6 mm, 10 μm |
| S004732 | Anion Guard Column AGC-01 | 20 x 2.6 mm |

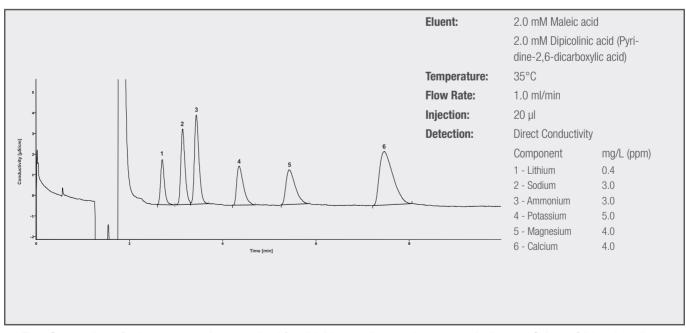
IC SEPARATION COLUMNS: CATIONS

Cation Separation Column ION C01

Rapid Determination of Alkali and Alkaline Earth Metals in Drinking and Natural Waters using Direct Conductivity Measurementductivity measurement



Separation of a low-ppm cation standard for drinking and natural water analysis on a Sykam C01 using direct conductivity measurement.



Fast Separation of a low-ppm cation standard for drinking and natural water analysis on a Sykam C01 using direct conductivity measurement.



Applications

- Determination of Alkali Metals, Alkaline Earth Metals and Ammonia in Drinking and Natural Waters using Direct Conductivity Measurement
- Rapid Determination of Alkali and Alkaline Earth Metals in Drinking and Natural Waters using Direct Conductivity Measurement

Technical Specifications

Substrate: Spherical Silica, Polybutadiene-maleic acid

coated

Particle Size: 5 μm

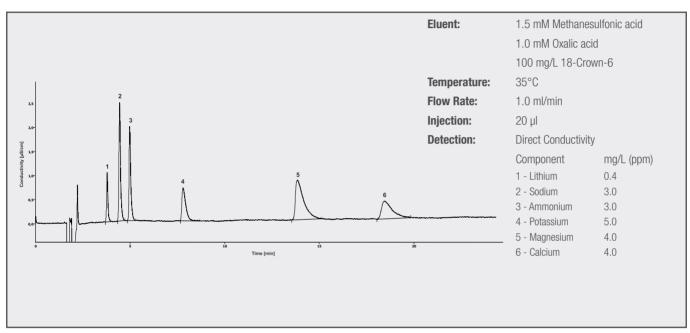
Column Dimensions:125 x 4.6 mmColumn Material:Stainless SteelMaximum Pressure:20 MPapH-Range:pH 1 - pH 8Temperature Range:20 - 40 °C

ORDER INFORMATION

| Catalog No | Description | Dimensions |
|------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| S004193 | Cation Separation Column ION CO1 | 125 x 4.6 mm, 5 µm |
| S004741 | Cation Guard Column CGC-01 | 20 x 3.0 mm |

Cation Separation Column ION CO2

Determination of Alkali Metals, Alkaline Earth metals and Ammonia in Drinking and Natural Waters using Direct Conductivity Measurement (Enhanced Resolution)



Separation of a low-ppm cation standard for drinking and natural water analysis on a Sykam C02 using direct conductivity measurement.

Applications

 Determination of Standard Cations in Drinking Water and Natural Waters with Direct Conductivity Measurement (Enhanced Resolution)

Technical Specifications

Substrate: Spherical Silica, Polybutadiene-maleic acid

coated

Particle Size: 5 μm

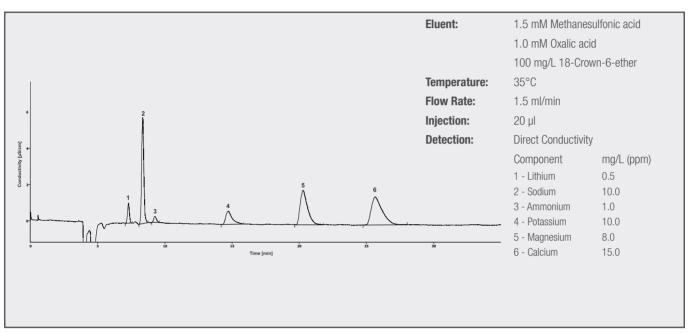
Column Dimensions:250 x 4.6 mmColumn Material:Stainless SteelMaximum Pressure:20 MPapH-Range:pH 1 - pH 8Temperature Range:20 - 40 °C

ORDER INFORMATION

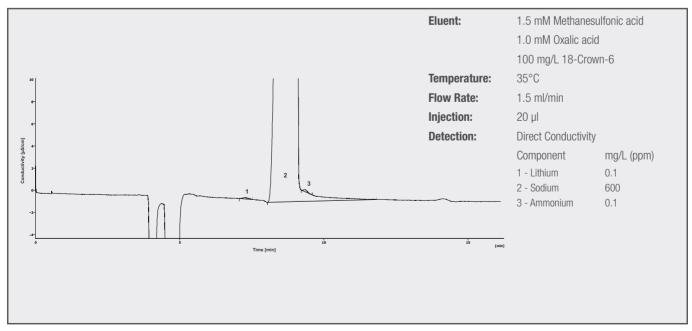
| Catalog No | Description | Dimensions |
|------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| S005349 | Cation Separation Column ION CO2 | 250 x 4.6 mm, 5 μm |
| S004741 | Cation Guard Column CGC-01 | 20 x 3.0 mm |



Determination of Alkali Metals, Alkaline Earth Metals and Ammonia in Drinking and Natural Waters using Direct Conductivity Measurement (Enhanced Resolution)



Separation of a low-ppm cation standard for drinking and natural water analysis on a Sykam C05 using direct conductivity measurement.



Determination of 100ppb ammonium in a sample spiked with 600ppm sodium on a Sykam C05 using direct conductivity measurement.

Cation Separation Column ION C05

Applications

- Determination of Standard Cations in Drinking Water and Natural Waters with Direct Conductivity Measurement (Enhanced Resolution)
- Determination of Ammonium in Presence of High Sodium Concentrations

Technical Specifications

Substrate: Spherical Silica, Polybutadiene-maleic acid

coated

Particle Size: 5 μm

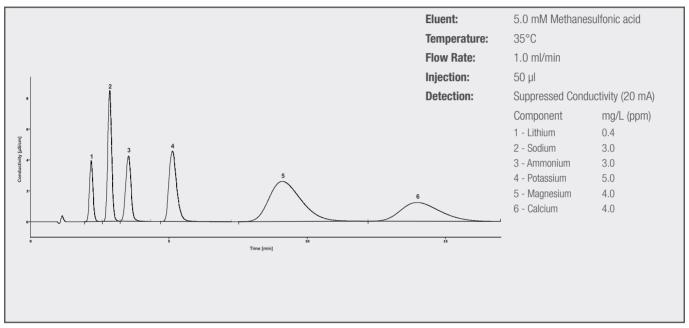
Column Dimensions:250 x 8.0 mmColumn Material:Stainless SteelMaximum Pressure:20 MPapH-Range:pH 1 - pH 8Temperature Range:20 - 40 °C

ORDER INFORMATION

| Catalog No | Description | Dimensions |
|------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| S007000 | Cation Separation Column ION CO5 | 250 x 8.0 mm, 5 μm |
| S011251 | Cation Guard Column CGC-05 | 20 x 8.0 mm |



Determination of Alkali Metals, Alkaline Earth Metals and Ammonia in Drinking and Natural Waters using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement (Enhanced Resolution)



Separation of a low-ppm cation standard for drinking and natural water analysis on a Sykam C06 using suppressed conductivity measurement.

Applications

 Determination of Standard Cations in Drinking Water and Natural Waters with Suppressed Conductivity Measurement (Enhanced Resolution)

Technical Specifications

Substrate: Ethylvinylbenzene-Divinylbenzene, weak carbonic

acid grafted

Particle Size: 9 μm

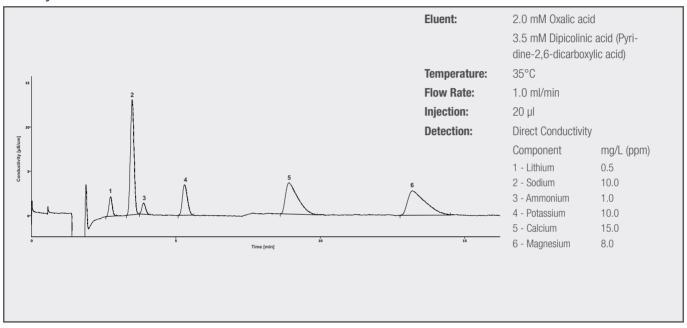
Column Dimensions:100 x 4.6 mmColumn Material:Stainless SteelMaximum Pressure:12 MPapH-Range:pH 1 - pH 14Temperature Range:20 - 50 °C

ORDER INFORMATION

| Catalog No | Description | Dimensions |
|------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| S010182 | Cation Separation Column ION CO6 | 100 x 4.6 mm, 9 μm |
| S011249 | Cation Guard Column CGC-03 | 50 x 4.6 mm |

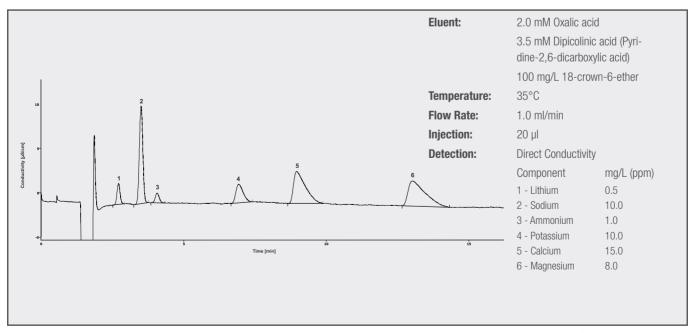
Cation Separation Column ION C07

Determination of Alkali Metals, Alkaline Earth Metals and Ammonia in Drinking and Natural Waters using Direct Conductivity Measurement



Separation of a low-ppm cation standard used for drinking and natural water analysis on a Sykam C07 using direct conductivity measurement.

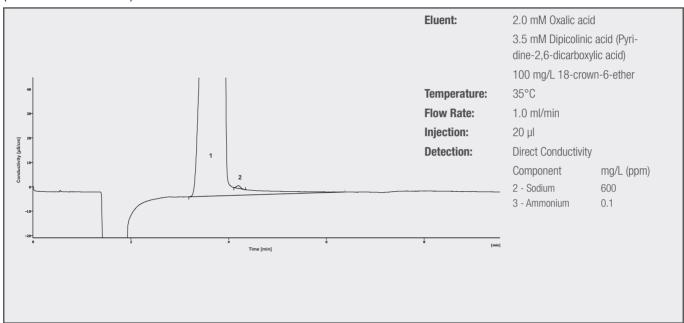
Determination of Alkali Metals, Alkaline Earth Metals and Ammonia in Drinking and Natural Waters using Direct Conductivity Measurement (Enhanced Resolution)



Separation of a low-ppm cation standard used for drinking and natural water analysis on a Sykam C07 using direct conductivity measurement with enhanced resolution of Na⁺ and NH_A⁺.



Determination of Ammonium in Presence of High Sodium Concentrations using Direct Conductivity Measurement (Enhanced Resolution)



Determination of 100ppb ammonium in a sample spiked with 600ppm sodium on a Sykam C07 using direct conductivity measurement with enhanced resolution of Na⁺ and NH_a⁺.

Applications

- Determination of Alkali Metals, Alkaline Earth Metals and Ammonia in Drinking and Natural Waters using Direct Conductivity Measurement
- Determination of Alkali Metals, Alkaline Earth Metals and Ammonia in Drinking and Natural Waters using Direct Conductivity Measurement (Enhanced Resolution)
- Determination of Ammonium in Presence of High Sodium Concentrations using Direct Conductivity Measurement

Technical Specifications

Substrate: Ethylvinylbenzene-Divinylbenzene, weak carbonic

acid grafted

Particle Size: 7 μm

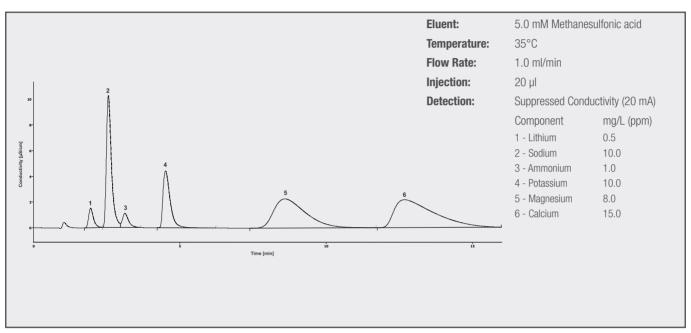
Column Dimensions:200 x 4.0 mmColumn Material:Stainless SteelMaximum Pressure:16 MPapH-Range:pH 1 - pH 14Temperature Range:20 - 50 °C

ORDER INFORMATION

| Catalog No | Description | Dimensions |
|------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| S010183 | Cation Separation Column ION CO7 | 200 x 4.0 mm, 7 μm |
| S011249 | Cation Guard Column CGC-03 | 50 x 4.6 mm |

Cation Separation Column ION C08

Determination of Alkali Metals, Alkaline Earth Metals and Ammonia in Drinking and Natural Waters using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement



Separation of a low-ppm cation standard for drinking and natural water analysis on a Sykam C08 using suppressed conductivity measurement.

Applications

 Determination of Alkali Metals, Alkaline Earth Metals and Ammonia in Drinking and Natural Waters using Suppressed Conductivity Measurement

Technical Specifications

Substrate: Ethylvinylbenzene-Divinylbenzene, weak carbonic

acid grafted

Particle Size: 9 μm

Column Dimensions: 250 x 2.6 mm

Column Material:PEEKMaximum Pressure:20 MPapH-Range:pH 1 - pH 14Temperature Range:20 - 50 °C

ORDER INFORMATION

| Catalog No | Description | Dimensions |
|------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| S011248 | Cation Separation Column ION CO8 | 250 x 2.6 mm, 9 μm |
| S011250 | Cation Guard Column CGC-04 | 20 x 2.6 mm |





SYKAM PRODUCTS

S 500 Series HPLC Systems S 600 Series HPLC Systems



S 433 Amino Acid Analyzer

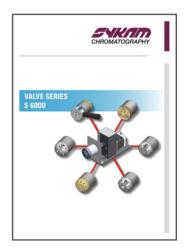


Sykam OEM Solutions





S 6000 Valve Series



Sykam Preparative Solutions





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